Summary of Reports of Cessation of Hostilities (COHs) Violations (22 August – 7 November 2014)

The following report summarizes documented and verified violations by the IGAD Monitoring and Verification Mechanism of the Cessation of Hostilities Agreement of 23 January 2014, for the period of 22 August – 7 November 2014.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Violation</th>
<th>Date(s) of Violations</th>
<th>Location(s)</th>
<th>Nature of Violation</th>
<th>Responsibility</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| V013      | 13 September 2014     | Juba, Central Equatoria State | As a result of investigations, and the weight of evidence collated, it is the opinion of the JTC that GRSS violated the following articles of the Cessation of Hostilities Agreement (23 January 2014) and the Agreement to Resolve the Crisis in South Sudan (09 May 2014) on 13 September 2014, in Juba (Central Equatoria State):  
  - COHA 2.1: The parties shall cease hostile media and other propaganda campaigns, including any action that may undermine the peace process  
  - ARCSS: (Parties) Agree to ensure the inclusion of all South Sudanese stakeholders in the peace process, and the negotiation of a transitional government of national unity, in order to ensure broad ownership of the agreed terms. | GRSS           |
outcomes; stakeholders include: the two direct negotiators (GRSS and the SPLM/A in Opposition), and others such as SPLM leaders (former detainees), political parties, civil society, and faith-based leaders.

It is therefore recommended that the IGAD Special Envoys take the appropriate action against GRSS in response to the violations of the Cessation of Hostilities Agreement and the Agreement to Resolve the Crisis in South Sudan, and urge GRSS to allow members of the PPLF to travel to the peace talks as soon as possible.

| V014 | Ongoing August – September 2014 | As a result of investigations, and the weight of evidence collated, it is the opinion of the JTC that Government Forces are violating the following articles of the Cessation of Hostilities Agreement (23 January 2014), in Bentiu and Mayom (Unity State):

- COHA 3.4: The parties shall cease all acts of violence including summary executions, displacement of populations, Government Forces |
all forms of torture, destruction of property, attacking civilian aircrafts, vehicles or riverboats, **recruitment of child soldiers** or any other acts as prohibited by applicable national, continental and international instruments.

It is therefore recommended that the IGAD Special Envoys take the appropriate action against GRSS in response to the violations of the Cessation of Hostilities Agreement and encourage Government Forces to immediately cease the recruitment of child soldiers, and demobilize all underage soldiers in their units.

| V015 | 10/11 & 19 October | Upper Nile State (Panyikang and Manyo Counties) | As a result of investigations, and the weight of evidence collated, it is the opinion of the JTC that SPLM/A (IO) Forces violated the following articles of the Cessation of Hostilities Agreement (23 January 2014), over the period 10-11 October 2014 in Panyikang County (Upper Nile State):  
• COHA 1.0-1.2 (inclusive) Declaration of Cessation of Hostilities | SPLM/A-IO Forces in both instances. |
As a result of investigations, and the weight of evidence collated, it is the opinion of the JTC that SPLM/A (IO) Forces violated the following articles of the Cessation of Hostilities Agreement (23 January 2014), over the period 19 October 2014 in Manyo County (Upper Nile State):
- COHA 1.0-1.2 (inclusive) Declaration of Cessation of Hostilities

It is therefore recommended that the IGAD Special Envoys take the appropriate action against GRSS in response to the violations of the Cessation of Hostilities Agreement.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>V016</th>
<th>27-29 October</th>
<th>Unity State (Rubkon/A/ Bentiu)</th>
<th>SPLM/A-IO Forces</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

As a result of investigations, and the weight of evidence collated, it is the opinion of the JTC that SPLM/A (IO) Forces violated the following articles of the Cessation of Hostilities Agreement (23 January 2014), over the period 27-29 October in Rubkon County (Unity State):
- COHA 1.0-1.2 (inclusive) Declaration of Cessation of Hostilities
| V017 | 2-4 November Ongoing | Upper Nile State (Malakal and Panyikang counties) and Jonglei State (Peji County) | As a result of investigations, and the weight of evidence collated, it is the opinion of the JTC that **Government Forces violated the following articles of the Cessation of Hostilities Agreement (23 January 2014)**, over the period 2-4 November in Malakal and Panyikang Counties, Upper Nile State, and in Peji County, Jonglei State  
  - COHA 1.0-1.2 (inclusive) Declaration of Cessation of Hostilities

It is therefore recommended that the IGAD Special Envoys take the appropriate action in response to these violations of the Cessation of Hostilities Agreement. | Government Forces |